CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A process for separating carbon dioxide from a reactor effluent stream, the reactor effluent stream comprising water, carbon dioxide, and olefin(s), the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) quenching the reactor effluent stream with a quench medium in a quench device to produce a quench bottoms stream comprising water and a quenched effluent stream comprising the olefin(s);
 - (b) contacting the quenched effluent stream with an alkaline stream to remove at least a portion of the carbon dioxide; and
 - (c) combining at least a portion of the alkaline stream with the quench medium.
- 2. The process of claim 1, wherein the pH of step (a) quenching is greater than 7.
- 3. The process of claim 1, wherein the quench medium has a pH ranging from about 7.1 to about 11.5 as it enters the quench device.
- 4. The process of claim 1, wherein the step of (a) quenching removes 30 wt.% or more of the carbon dioxide from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of carbon dioxide in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (a) quenching.
- 5. The process of claim 1, wherein the step of (a) quenching removes 95 wt.% or more of the water from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of water in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (a) quenching.

- 6. The process of claim 1, wherein the quench medium is an aqueous solution.
- 7. The process of claim 1, wherein the quench medium comprises caustic.
- 8. The process of claim 1, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% alcohol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (a) quenching.
- 9. The process of claim 1, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% methanol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (a) quenching.
- 10. The process of claim 1, wherein the step of (b) contacting occurs at a pH greater than about 13.
- 11. The process of claim 1, wherein the alkaline stream has a concentration of 1 wt.% or more based upon the total weight of the alkaline stream.
- 12. The process of claim 1, wherein the quenched effluent stream has a concentration of carbon dioxide that is less than about 1000 ppm based upon total weight of the quenched effluent stream after the step of (b) contacting.
- 13. The process of claim 1, wherein the carbon dioxide in the alkaline stream is from the reactor effluent stream.
- 14. A process for producing an olefin product stream from an oxygenate feed stream, the process comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting the oxygenate feed stream with a catalyst to produce a reactor effluent stream, the reactor effluent stream comprising water, carbon dioxide and olefin(s);
- (b) quenching the reactor effluent stream with a quench medium to remove water and produce a quenched effluent stream comprising the olefin(s) and carbon dioxide;
- (c) contacting the quenched effluent stream with an alkaline stream to separate carbon dioxide from the quenched effluent stream; and
- (d) combining at least a portion of the alkaline stream with the quench medium.
- 15. The process of claim 14, wherein the pH of the step of (b) quenching is greater than 7.
- 16. The process of claim 14, wherein the quench medium has a pH ranging from about 7.1 to about 11.5 as it enters the quench device.
- 17. The process of claim 14, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 30 wt.% or more of the carbon dioxide from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of carbon dioxide in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 18. The process of claim 14, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 95 wt.% or more of the water from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of water in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 19. The process of claim 14, wherein the quench medium comprises a caustic.

- 20. The process of claim 14, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% alcohol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 21. The process of claim 14, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% methanol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 22. A process for making a polyolefin product comprising polymerizing olefin(s) produced in claim 14 to make the polyolefin product.
- 23. The process of claim 14, wherein the step of (c) contacting occurs at a pH greater than about 13.
- 24. The process of claim 14, wherein in the step of (c) contacting the alkaline stream has a concentration of 1 wt.% or more.
- 25. The process of claim 14, wherein the quenched effluent stream has a concentration of carbon dioxide that is less than about 1000 ppm based upon total weight of the quenched effluent stream after the step of (c) contacting.
- 26. The process of claim 14, wherein the quenched effluent stream has a concentration of carbon dioxide that is less than about 1000 ppm based upon total weight of the quenched effluent stream after the step of (c) contacting.
- A process for producing an olefin product stream, the process comprising the steps of:

- (a) withdrawing a reactor effluent stream, the reactor effluent stream comprising water, carbon dioxide and olefin(s);
- (b) quenching the reactor effluent stream at a pH ranging from about 7.1 to about 11 to remove water and produce a quenched effluent stream; and
- (c) washing the quenched effluent stream with an alkaline stream at a pH greater than about 13, wherein the pH of the step of (b) quenching is adjusted by using at least a portion of the alkaline stream.
- 28. The process of claim 27, wherein the pH of the step of (b) quenching is greater than 7.
- 29. The process of claim 27, wherein the step of (b) quenching occurs in a quench device and the quench medium has a pH ranging from about 7.1 to about 11.5 as it enters the quench device.
- 30. The process of claim 27, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 30 wt.% or more of the carbon dioxide from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of carbon dioxide in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 31. The process of claim 27, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 95 wt.% or more of the water from the reactor effluent stream based upon the total amount of water in the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 32. The process of claim 27, wherein the quench medium is an aqueous solution.
- 33. The process of claim 27, wherein the quench medium comprises caustic.

- 34. The process of claim 27, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% alcohol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 35. The process of claim 27, wherein the reactor effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% methanol based upon the total weight of the reactor effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 36. The process of claim 27, wherein in the step of (c) washing the alkaline stream having a concentration of 1 wt.% or more.
- 37. The process of claim 27, wherein the quenched effluent stream has a concentration of carbon dioxide that is less than about 1000 ppm based upon total weight of the quenched effluent stream after the step (c) of washing.
- 38. A process for producing a polyolefin, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) converting the oxygenate feed stream into an effluent stream comprising water, carbon dioxide and olefin(s);
 - (b) quenching the effluent stream thereby separating a majority of the water and a first portion of the carbon dioxide from the effluent stream;
 - (c) separating a second portion of carbon dioxide from the effluent stream;
 - (d) isolating a product stream comprising olefin(s) from the effluent stream; and
 - (e) polymerizing the olefin(s) to produce a polyolefin.
- 39. The process of claim 38, wherein the pH of the step of (b) quenching is greater than 7.

- 40. The process of claim 38, wherein the quench medium has a pH ranging from about 7.1 to about 11.5 as it enters the quench device.
- 41. The process of claim 38, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 30 wt.% or more of the carbon dioxide from the effluent stream based upon the total amount of carbon dioxide in the effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 42. The process of claim 38, wherein the step of (b) quenching removes 95 wt.% or more of the water from the effluent stream based upon the total amount of water in the effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- The process of claim 38, wherein the quench medium is an aqueous solution.
- 44. The process of claim 38, wherein the quench medium comprises caustic.
- The process of claim 38, wherein the effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% alcohol based upon the total weight of the effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- The process of claim 38, wherein the effluent stream further comprises from about 0.05 wt.% to about 5 wt.% methanol based upon the total weight of the effluent stream before the step of (b) quenching.
- 47. The process of claim 38, wherein the step of (c) separating occurs at a pH greater than about 13.
- 48. The process of claim 38, wherein in the step of (c) separating the alkaline stream having a concentration of 1 wt.% or more.

- 49. The process of claim 38, wherein the effluent stream has a concentration of carbon dioxide that is less than about 1000 ppm based upon total weight of the effluent stream after the step of (b) separating.
- 50. The process of claim 38, wherein the carbon dioxide in the alkaline stream is from the effluent stream.